

# Using the Absence of Wind-Profiler Reflectivity to Study Stratocumulus-Topped Marine Boundary Layer Processes

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## The Setting

Sc-topped MBLs are extensive, poorly modeled, and hard to observe from space

“We need information”, i.e. *data*

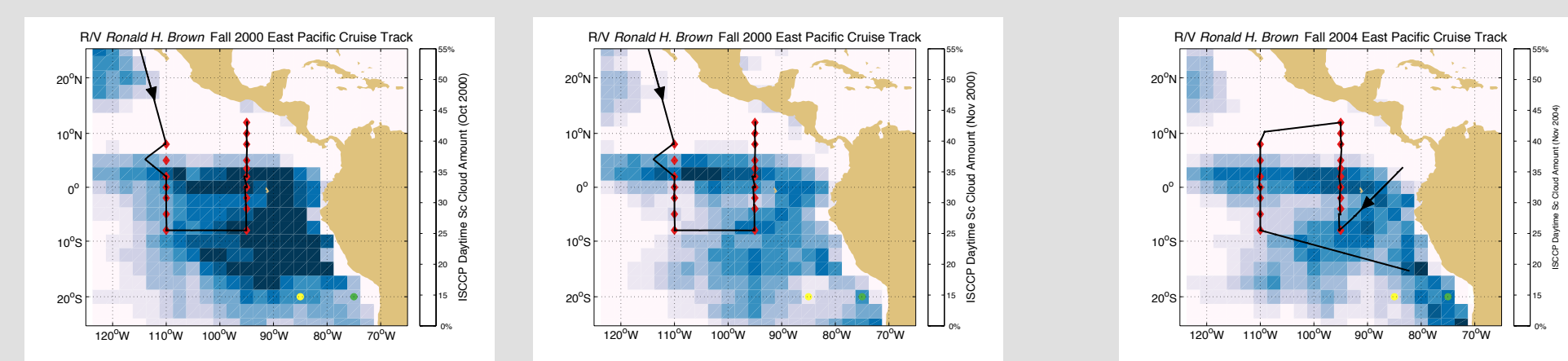
“We need data”, i.e. *numbers*

What if *no data* can give us *information*?

R/V *Ronald H. Brown* in the tropical east Pacific

Fall 2000

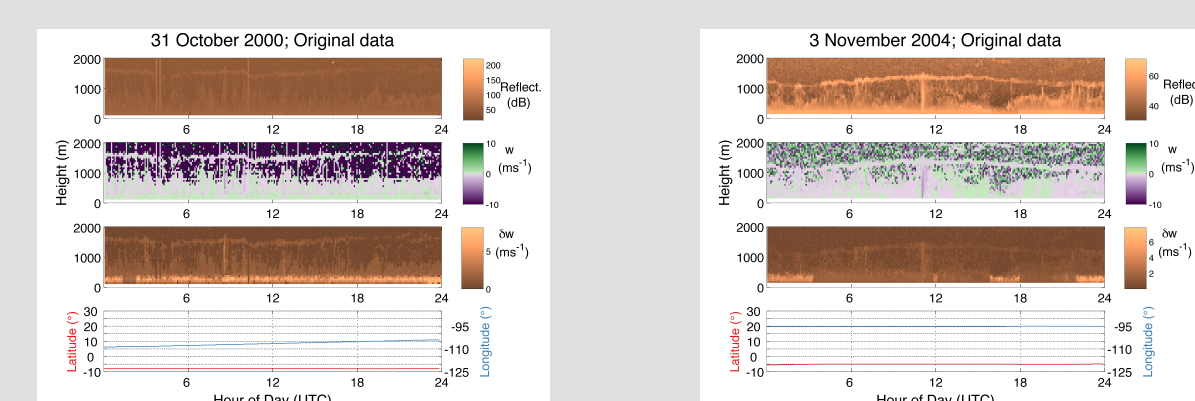
Fall 2004



## The Problem

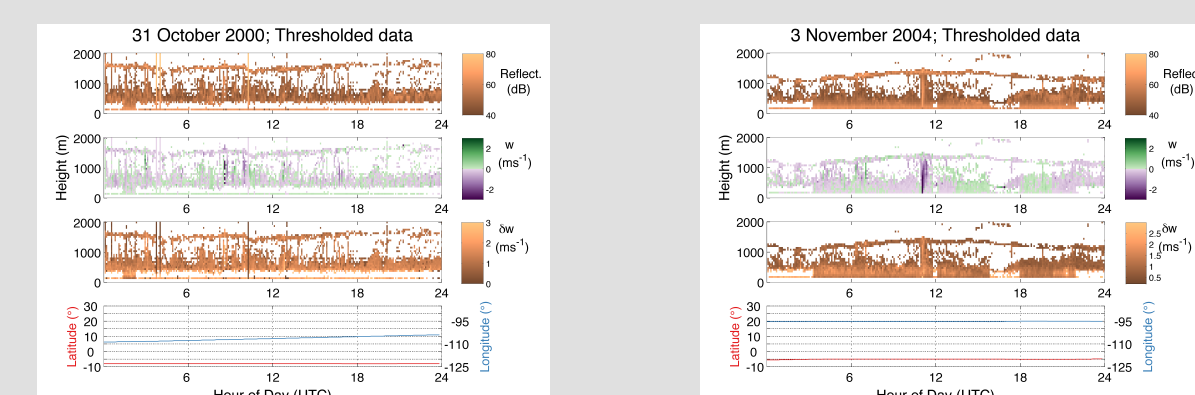
No (atmospheric) numbers!

Original Data:



Rigorously Quality-Controlled Data:

Data:

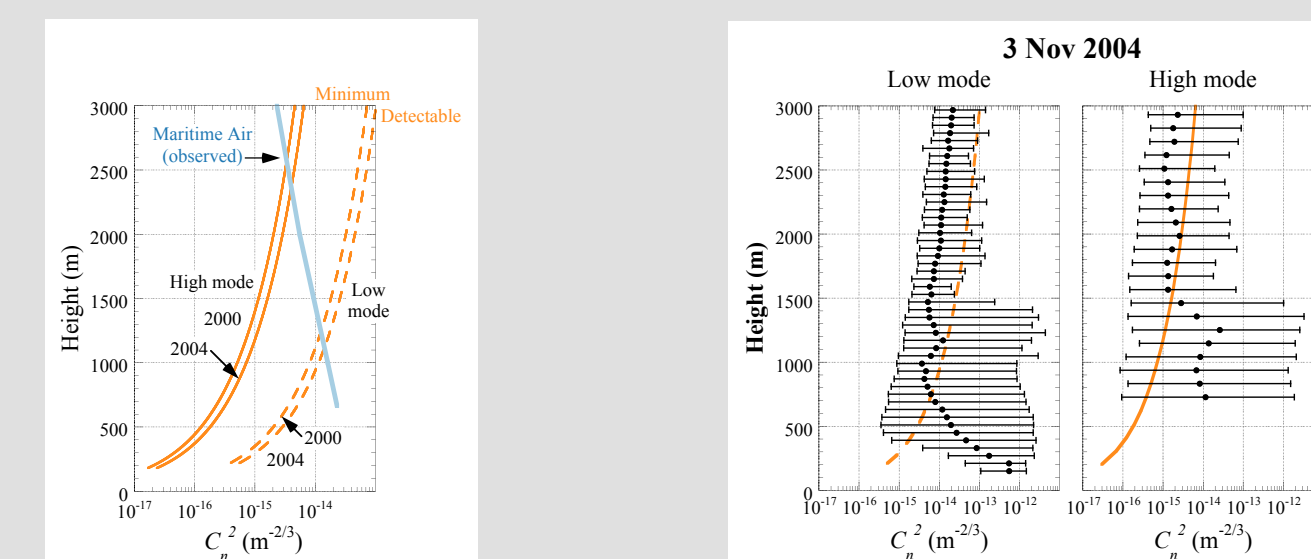


Can this tell us something about the atmosphere?

## The Approach

The structure function parameter of the index of refraction,  $C_n^2$

- Can be obtained from a calibrated profiler
- Reflectivity is related to Bragg scatter from index of refraction fluctuations caused by turbulence



Many  $C_n^2$  values calculated from original data are below the detectable thresholds

Interpreting  $C_n^2$  in this context

- Linear combination of  $C_\theta^2$ ,  $C_q^2$ , and  $C_{\theta q}^2$   
 $\Rightarrow$  gaps from weakening top-down processes?

$$\left( \text{Turbulent Intensity} \right) \times \frac{d(\text{Potential Refractive Index})}{dz}$$

$\Rightarrow$  gaps from reduced turbulent intensity?

i.e. decoupling of the Sc-topped MBL

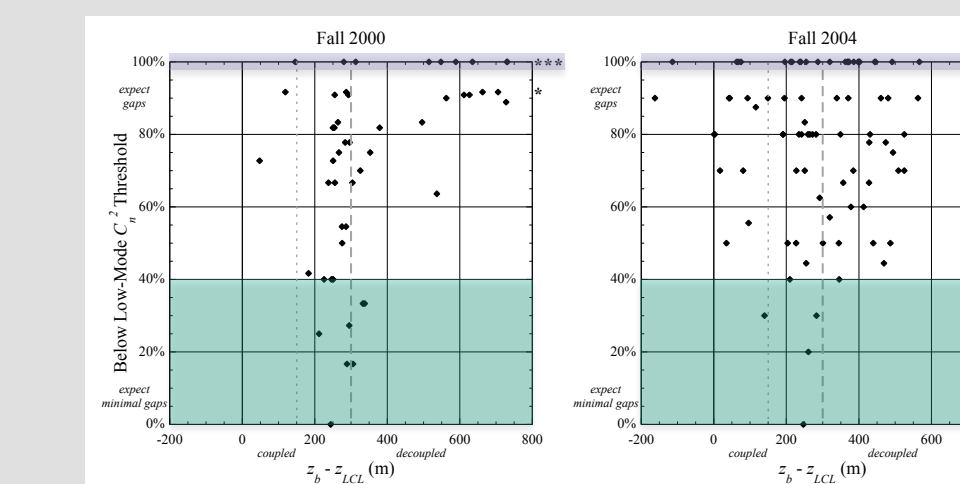
## The Confirming Evidence

Cloud base height  $z_b$  vs. LCL height  $z_{LCL}$

- Large  $\Delta z = z_b - z_{LCL}$  indicates decoupling

Is high mode's  $\min(C_n^2) <$  low mode's  $C_n^2$  threshold?

- If larger percent “yes”, expect more extensive gaps



100%  $C_n^2$  minima are undetectable when  $\Delta z \geq$  (varies)  
 $\leq$  40%  $C_n^2$  minima are undetectable when  $\Delta z < 350\text{m}$

## The Implications

The absence of signal is a robust measurement

- Key: thoughtfully removing theoretically and physically unrealistic values

A more sensitive profiler could yield

a  $C_n^2$  decoupling threshold

- Key: NOAA must nurture and support the in-house instruments and expertise it has and will need

Allows NOAA to leverage its prior investments

in data collection and storage

- Field programs; remote locations; long deployments